# Pupil premium strategy statement

At Tenbury High Ormiston Academy, disadvantaged students are identified as those who face significant barriers to their academic success and personal development due to socioeconomic circumstances. These students may be eligible for additional funding through the Pupil Premium, including those who:

* Are currently eligible for free school meals (FSM) or have been eligible within the last six years (Ever 6 FSM).
* Are in the care of the local authority (Children Looked After, CLA) or have previously been in care (Post-CLA).
* Live in households with low income or other socio-economic disadvantages.

Disadvantaged students at Tenbury High Ormiston Academy face challenges with attendance and academic progress, especially in Maths and English. This strategy aims to address these concerns using a three-tiered approach that focuses on high-quality teaching, targeted academic support, and broader enrichment strategies.

## School overview

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| Detail | Data |
| School name | Tenbury High Ormiston Academy |
| Number of pupils in school | 468 |
| Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils | 21% (97 pupils) |
| Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers **(3 year plans are recommended)** | 2021-2024 |
| Date this statement was published | January 2025 |
| Date on which it will be reviewed | September 2025 |
| Statement authorised by | Vicki Dean |
| Pupil premium lead | Andrew Wilks |
| Governor / Trustee lead | Andy Burns |

**Funding overview**

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| **Detail** | **Amount** |
| Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year | £79,275 |
| Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year | £0 |
| Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable) | £0 |
| **Total budget for this academic year**  If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year | £79,275 |

# Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

## Statement of intent

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| “Equity is not the same as equality. It means schools doing more for some children than others in order to create a more level playing field. Recognising that some children have a very narrow experience outside school and providing them with additional opportunities is an important step in ensuring that they can make the most of their educational opportunities.” *Sir John Dunford*  The difference between equality and equity must be emphasised. Although both promote fairness, equality achieves this through treating everyone the same regardless of need, while equity achieves this through treating people differently dependent on need. However, this different treatment may be the key to reaching equality.  Fairness through equality would mean giving all students the same level of support. However, those who need more support beyond this initial level to succeed would therefore not have equal opportunities to those who do not.  When making decisions about using Pupil Premium funding it is important to consider the context of the school and the subsequent challenges faced. Research conducted by EEF should then be used to support decisions around the usefulness of different strategies and their value for money.  Common barriers to learning for disadvantaged children in our context include: an attainment gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils when they arrive from primary; multiple vulnerabilities in the disadvantaged cohort e.g. CLA, SEN and lower reading ages; additional needs e.g. SEN and access to extra-curricular activities; lower attendance for disadvantages learners.  Our ultimate objectives are:   * To narrow the attainment gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils. * For all disadvantaged pupils in school to make or exceed nationally expected progress rates. * To support our children’s health and wellbeing to enable them to access learning at an appropriate level. * To ensure that disadvantaged pupils have the same opportunities for enrichment as non-disadvantaged pupils   We aim to do this through   * Quality teaching which us developed through bespoke CPD and monitoring for ECTs, provision of smaller class sizes, specialist TA support, a rigorous CPD programme * Ensuring access to a variety of opportunities for disadvantaged pupils through the provision of lunchtime and afterschool clubs * Academic mentoring, pastoral mentoring, rigorous tracking and monitoring of pupil attainment, careers advice and rigorous attendance tracking. |

## Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

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| Challenge number | Detail of challenge |
| 1 | Poor parental engagement with school including homework and reading. |
| 2 | Narrowing the attainment gap with Maths & English. |
| 3 | Attendance and punctuality concerns |
| 4 | Lack of access to enrichment |
| 5 | Multiple vulnerabilities within the cohort: LAC, SEN and lower reading ages & maths. |

## Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

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| Intended outcome | Success criteria |
| Narrow the attainment gap | Achieve in line with national average for attainment for disadvantaged pupils  % of grade 5+ in English and Maths to be within 10% of non-disadvantaged pupils |
| All pupils access a curriculum which best prepares them for post-16 life | Better than national average % entry for Ebacc for disadvantaged pupils  All pupils will experience a broad curriculum |
| Narrow the reading age gap and supporting with maths. | Reduce the number of pupils who do not meet the functional literacy threshold. Increasing engagement and attainment with maths provision’s |
| Attendance gap will continue to diminish and be in line with non-disadvantaged pupils | Attendance gap will continue to diminish and be in line with non-disadvantaged pupils |

## Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

### Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £18,899.40

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| **Activity** | **Evidence that supports this approach** | **Challenge number(s) addressed** |
| Marking Disadvantaged Students First | EEF research shows that prompt, high-quality feedback is linked to improved student outcomes, enhancing both engagement and learning progress. Prioritising disadvantaged students helps close attainment gaps. | 2 |
| Quality First Teaching | Evidence from EEF indicates that structured teaching approaches like explicit instruction, scaffolding, and targeted feedback can improve student outcomes, particularly for disadvantaged pupils in core subjects. | 2, 3 |
| Flexible Seating Plans | Research supports that strategic seating can foster better classroom engagement by placing students in optimal learning environments based on individual needs. | 5 |
| Professional Development for Staff | EEF findings suggest that ongoing professional development builds teacher capacity, enabling adaptive teaching strategies and improved student outcomes, particularly for disadvantaged groups. | 1, 2, 5 |
| Sparx Maths Integration | Research indicates that personalised learning platforms like Sparx Maths can enhance student engagement and progress through adaptive tasks that address individual learning gaps. | 2 |
| Lexonik Integration | EEF research shows that structured literacy interventions such as Lexonik can significantly improve reading and comprehension skills, particularly for students with lower literacy levels. | 2, 5 |

**Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)**

Budgeted cost: £25,448.87

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| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
| One-to-One and Small Group Tuition | EEF research suggests that personalised tuition tailored to individual learning needs significantly boosts academic progress in core subjects like Maths and English. Regular, targeted sessions improve understanding and retention. | 2, 3 |
| Peer Tutoring | Peer tutoring is evidenced by EEF as fostering both academic and social development, creating a collaborative learning environment that supports students' progress in core subjects. | 1, 2 |
| Lexonik Implementation | Lexonik has been shown to improve literacy skills through structured interventions targeting reading comprehension and vocabulary development, addressing literacy gaps effectively. | 2, 5 |
| Sparx Maths Implementation | Research indicates that personalised learning platforms like Sparx Maths can enhance student engagement and progress through adaptive tasks that address individual learning gaps. This approach can be used during school hours, within registration time, or in afterschool interventions. |  |

**Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)**

Budgeted cost: £28,751.73

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| **Activity** | **Evidence that supports this approach** | **Challenge number(s) addressed** |
| Pupil Premium Categorisation of Risk | Categorising students based on ACEs ensures targeted support, allowing high-risk students to receive intensive help while supporting all disadvantaged learners. | 1, 2, 5 |
| Attendance Monitoring and Support | EEF evidence suggests that close monitoring and family outreach improve attendance rates. Providing transport for persistently absent students removes logistical barriers. | 3 |
| Social, Emotional, and Behavioural Support | Multi-agency collaboration is supported by research showing that pastoral care and mentoring improve emotional well-being and behaviour. | 1, 5 |
| Extra-Curricular Opportunities | Participation in extra-curricular activities fosters social development and engagement, promoting better academic outcomes. | 4, 5 |
| Enrichment Targets with Rewards | Setting specific targets and offering rewards motivates students, encouraging active participation in school life. | 2, 4 |
| Early Careers Support for Disadvantaged Students | Early careers guidance equips students with essential skills, improving future education and employment prospects. | 2, 5 |
| Parental Engagement | Parental involvement correlates with better academic performance and student well-being. Workshops and communication tools help maintain family-school partnerships. | 1 |

**Total budgeted cost: £***73,000*

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

## Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2023-2024 academic year.

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| In 2024, disadvantaged students at Tenbury showed some improvements in academic performance compared to the previous year. While the overall progress measures indicated positive changes, there remains a significant gap between the attainment of disadvantaged students and their peers. Although grades improved across key subjects, such as English and Maths, the increases highlight the extent of the challenge rather than the complete resolution of it.  The proportion of disadvantaged students meeting key benchmarks, such as Basics 9-5 and 9-4, rose notably year-on-year. However, these figures underline that a majority of Pupil Premium students are still falling short of these standards. This suggests that while interventions and strategies are beginning to show impact, more focused and sustained efforts are required to ensure consistent and meaningful progress across the cohort.  The data indicates that disadvantaged students are benefiting from some of the measures in place, but the scale of the progress suggests the need for a more comprehensive approach. Factors such as the quality of teaching, targeted support, and addressing barriers to learning remain critical to further improving outcomes. This is a clear area of priority for the school moving forward, with a focus on ensuring that the progress observed is not only maintained but accelerated in future years. |

## Externally provided programmes

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| Programme | Provider |
| N/A |  |
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# Further information (optional)

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| Other activities we are implementing to support disadvantaged pupils, that is not dependent on pupil premium or recovery premium funding:  Pupil buddies in lessons  Disadvantaged learners to be on the school council  Pupil progress meetings which scrutinise data and plan interventions  Marking disadvantaged pupils’ work first  Identifying and knowing disadvantaged learners e.g. via seating plans |