











## Curriculum Overview for Chemistry Year 10

<p><b>Half Term 5: quantitative chemistry</b></p> <p><b>Substantive Knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Higher: Use balanced symbol equations to calculate mass of reactants and products.</li> <li>→ Balance an equation given the masses of reactants and products.</li> <li>→ Higher: Describe with examples what is meant by a limiting reactant.</li> <li>→ Higher: Explain the effects of a limiting quantity of reactants on the amount of product.</li> <li>→ Describe how concentration of solutions can be measured.</li> <li>→ Higher: Explain how the mass of a solute and the volume of a solution is related to the concentration of the solution.</li> <li>→ Higher: Describe how equal amounts in moles of gases occupy the same volume under the same conditions of temperature and pressure.</li> </ul> <p><b>Disciplinary Knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ write and balance symbol equations.</li> <li>→ Change the subject of a mathematical equation.</li> <li>→ calculate the mass of solute in a given volume of solution of known concentration.</li> <li>→ Higher: calculate the volume of gas at room temp and pressure from its mass and relative formula mass.</li> <li>→ Higher: calculate volumes of gaseous reactants and products from a balanced equation and a given volume of a gaseous reactant and product.</li> </ul>		<p>Skim and Scan of source information Decoding terms Etymology of key terms</p>
		<p>Concentration, Limiting reactant Mole, Relative formula mass, Thermal decomposition, uncertainty</p>
		<p>Baseline Recall questions to start every lesson End of unit assessment</p>
		<p>Revision Card preparation for every lesson Repetition of use of revision cards for end of unit assessment Exam questions - application</p>
<p><b>Half Term 6: Energy changes</b></p> <p><b>Substantive Knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Draw and label exothermic reaction profile with activation energy, reactants, products and energy released.</li> <li>→ Draw and label an endothermic reaction profile with activation energy, reactants, products and energy absorbed.</li> <li>→ Identify examples of exothermic and endothermic reaction.</li> <li>→ Describe a method on how to measure temperature change.</li> </ul> <p><b>Disciplinary Knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ HT – Calculate bond energies to identify exothermic or endothermic reactions.</li> <li>→ Draw reaction profiles with and without catalysts.</li> </ul> <p><b>Triple additional:</b></p> <p><b>Substantive Knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Describe how to test for pure water.</li> <li>→ Describe how to make potable water</li> <li>→ Describe ease of obtaining potable water from waste, ground and salt water.</li> <li>→ HT- Explain bioleaching and Phytomining.</li> <li>→ HT- Evaluate alternative biological methods of extracting metals.</li> <li>→ Compare LCA for plastic and paper bags.</li> <li>→ Evaluate ways of reducing the use of limited resources.</li> </ul> <p><b>Disciplinary Knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Evaluate ways of reducing the use of limited resources.</li> </ul>		<p>Skim and Scan of source information Decoding terms Etymology of key terms</p>
		<p>Endothermic, Exothermic, Activation energy, Reactants, Products, Catalysts, Overall energy change, Reaction profile Triple: Bioleaching, Desalination, Displacement, Finite resources, Ground water, Life cycle assessment (LCA), Ore, Phytomining, Potable water, Renewable resources</p>
		<p>Baseline Recall questions to start every lesson End of unit assessment</p>
		<p>Revision Card preparation for every lesson Repetition of use of revision cards for end of unit assessment Exam questions - application</p>